

# Deaths involving coronavirus (COVID-19) in Scotland

Week 28 (12 July 2021 to 18 July 2021)



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This statistical report includes provisional statistics on the number of deaths associated with coronavirus (COVID-19) and the total number of deaths registered in Scotland, for week 28 of 2021

## Key Findings

### Deaths involving COVID-19, weekly registrations

- As at the 18<sup>th</sup> of July, there have been a total of 10,268 deaths registered in Scotland where the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) was mentioned on the death certificate. In the latest week there were 47 deaths, an increase of 16 deaths from the previous week.
- Of deaths involving COVID-19 in the latest week:
  - Twenty-seven were male, twenty were female.
  - Eleven deaths were aged under 65, seven were aged 65-74 and there were twenty-nine deaths in people aged 75 or over.
  - Glasgow City had eleven deaths, City of Edinburgh had six and Dundee City had five. In total, nineteen council areas had at least one death last week.
  - Thirty-eight deaths were in hospitals, four deaths in care homes, four were at home or in a non-institutional setting with one in another institutional setting.

### Deaths from all causes, weekly registrations

- The total number of deaths registered in Scotland in week 28 of 2021 was 1,125. This was 100 more than the five year average for week 28 (10% above average).
- In week 28 there were 105 excess deaths at home or in non-institutional settings (38% above average), 2 more deaths in hospitals (less than 1% above average) and 11 fewer deaths in care homes (5% below average) compared to the 2015-2019 average.
- There were 10 more deaths from circulatory causes, 6 more from cancer, 6 more from dementia/Alzheimer's, 3 more from respiratory causes and 37 more from other causes. The number of deaths where COVID-19 was the underlying cause was 38.

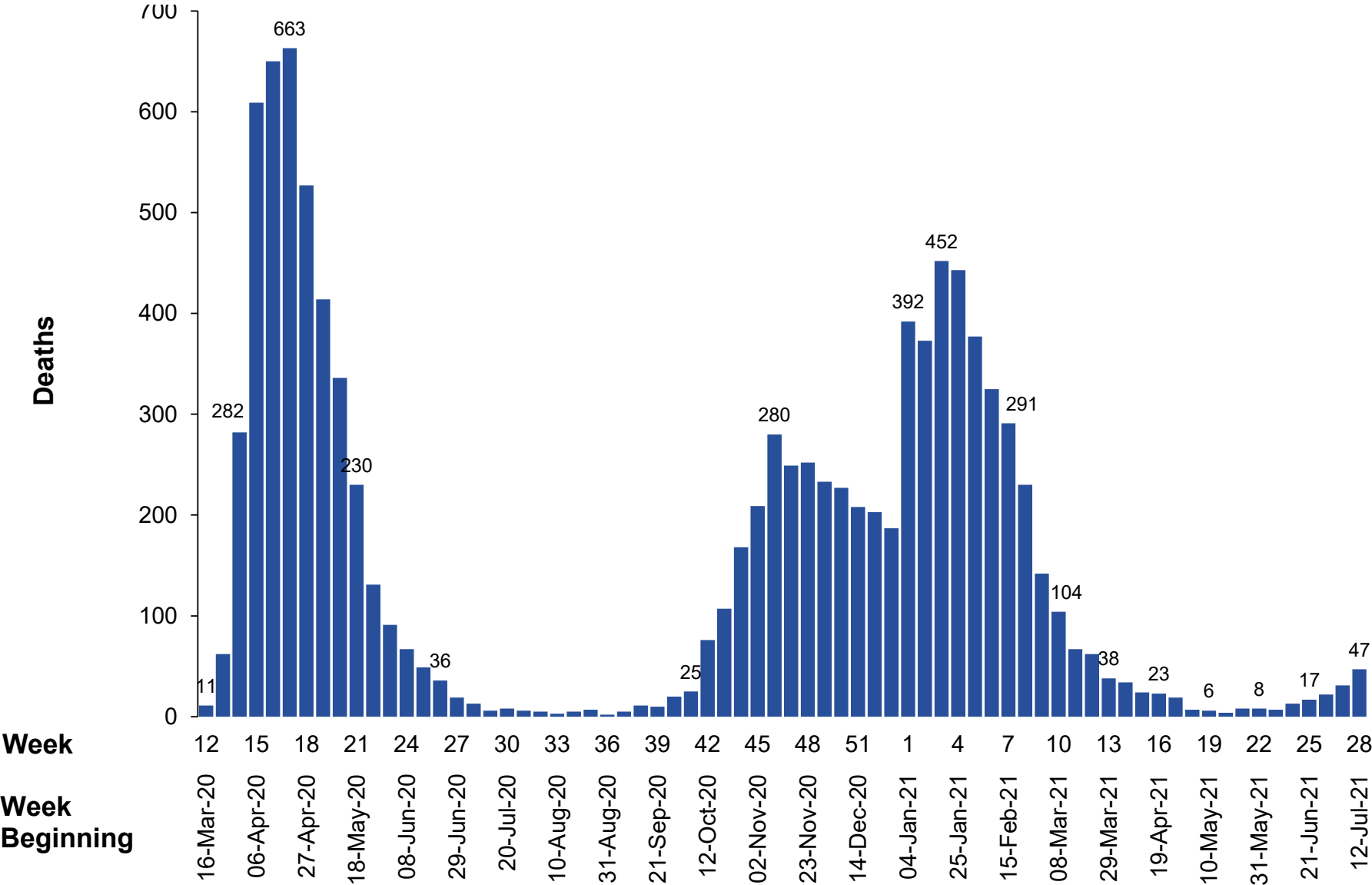
### Measuring excess deaths in 2021

Excess deaths are calculated by comparing the current year to the five year average from previous years. This average is based on the actual number of death registrations recorded for each corresponding week in the previous five years. Moveable public holidays, when registration offices are closed, affect the number of registrations made in the current week and in the corresponding weeks in previous years.

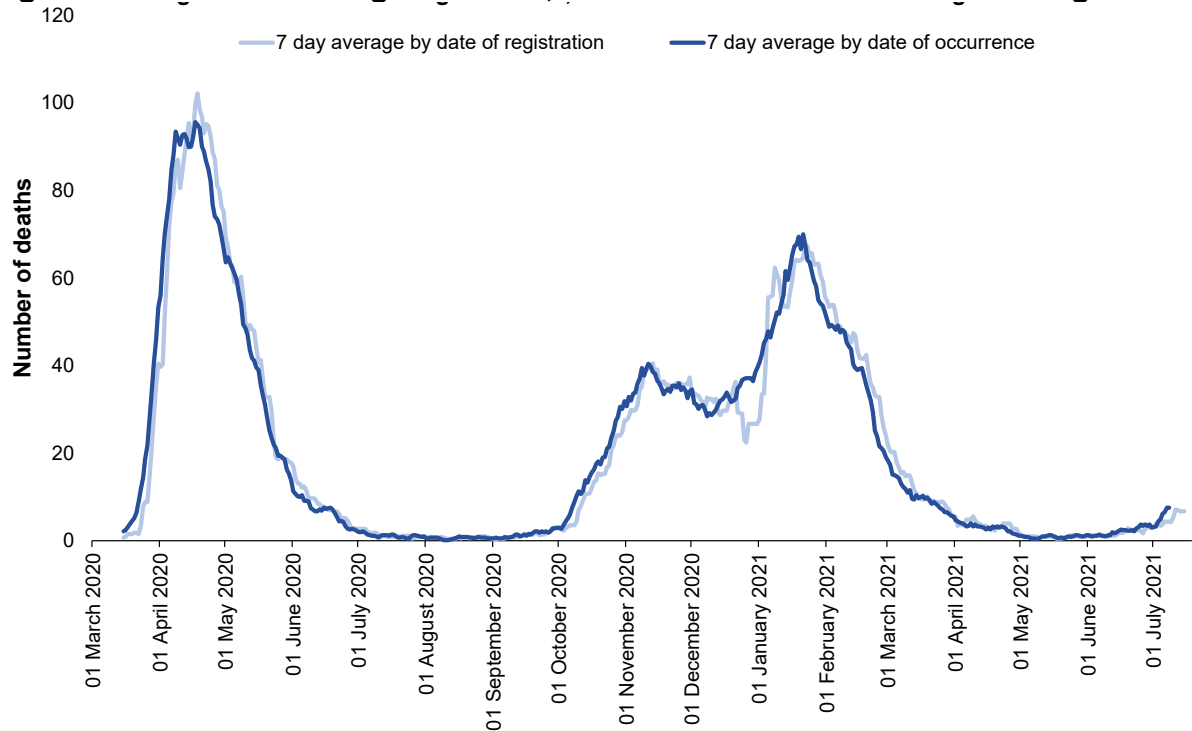
In 2020, excess deaths were measured by comparing the 2020 figure against the average for 2015-2019. For 2021 we would generally calculate excess deaths by comparing the 2021 figure against the average for 2016-2020.

As excess deaths are a key measure of the effect of the pandemic, it is not appropriate to compare the 2021 figure against the 2016-2020 average as that average will be affected by the pandemic with higher deaths in Spring 2020. We have therefore decided to continue to use the 2015-2019 average to measure excess deaths in 2021.

**Figure 1: Weekly deaths involving COVID-19 in Scotland, week 12 2020 to week 28 2021**



**Figure 2: Deaths involving COVID-19, Date of Occurrence vs Date of Registration**



The figures throughout this report are based on the date a death was registered rather than the date the death occurred. When someone dies, their family (or a representative) have to make an appointment with a registrar to register the death. Legally this must be done within 8 days, although in practice there is, on average, a 3 day gap between a death occurring and being registered. This gap can be greater at certain times of the year such as Easter and Christmas when registration offices are closed for public holidays.

In general, the trend in COVID-19 deaths by date of registration (the NRS headline measure) has a lag of around 3 days when compared with the figures on date of death.

Since late May/early June, daily deaths have slowly risen from a level when there were on average fewer than one death involving COVID-19 every day, to more than seven deaths per day in early July.

This report includes all deaths which were registered by 18<sup>th</sup> of July. There will, however, be deaths which occurred before this date but were not yet registered. In order to include a more complete analysis based on date of occurrence, we need to wait an additional week to allow the registration process to fully complete. The trend based on date of occurrence therefore only includes deaths which occurred by 11<sup>th</sup> of July as the majority of these are likely to have been registered by now.

## How do NRS compile these statistics?

- Weekly figures are based on the date of registration. In Scotland deaths must be registered within 8 days but in practice, the average time between death and registration is around 3 days.
- Figures are allocated to weeks based on the ISO8601 standard. Weeks begin on a Monday and end on a Sunday. Often weeks at the beginning and end of a year will overlap the preceding and following years (e.g. week 1 of 2020 began on Monday 30 December 2019) so the weekly figures may not sum to any annual totals which are subsequently produced.
- Deaths involving COVID-19 are defined as those where COVID-19 is mentioned on the death certificate, either as the underlying cause of death or as a contributory cause. Cause of death is coded according to the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Conditions 10<sup>th</sup> Revision (ICD-10). The relevant codes included in this publication are U07.1, U07.2, U09.9 and U10.9.
- Figures include deaths where 'suspected' or 'probable' COVID-19 appears on the death certificate.
- From the week beginning 22 March 2021, new ICD-10 codes issued by the World Health Organisation (WHO) were also used to code deaths involving COVID-19. U09.9 is used for 'post-COVID' conditions, when death occurred after acute or ongoing COVID-19. U10.9 is used in the rare cases where 'Kawasaki-like' syndrome is caused by COVID-19. Data back to March 2020 has been recoded to ensure consistency of the time series.
- Data are provisional and subject to change in future weekly publications. The 2020 data will be finalised in August 2021. Reasons why the data might be revised later include late registration data being received once the week's figure have been produced or more information being provided by a certifying doctor or The Crown Office and Procurator Fiscal Service (COPFS) on the cause of death.
- Certain user enquiries for ad-hoc analysis related to COVID-19 deaths have been published on our [website](#).
- The weekly publication includes breakdowns by sex, age, health board, local authority and location of death. It also includes an analysis of excess deaths by location and broad cause of death. We also publish a comprehensive and detailed analysis of mortality on a monthly basis.
- NRS mortality data (COVID-19 and excess deaths) continue to be made available on a weekly basis through the [Scottish Government's COVID-19 dashboard](#)

## Index of available analysis on registered deaths involving COVID-19

<b>Breakdown</b>	<b>Frequency</b>	<b>When Added</b>	<b>Latest Period Covered</b>	<b>Date Last updated</b>
<a href="#">Age group</a>	Weekly	8 <sup>th</sup> April 2020	Week 28	21 <sup>st</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Sex</a>	Weekly	8 <sup>th</sup> April 2020	Week 28	21 <sup>st</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Location</a>	Weekly	15 <sup>th</sup> April 2020	Week 28	21 <sup>st</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Health Board</a>	Weekly	8 <sup>th</sup> April 2020	Week 28	21 <sup>st</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Local Authority</a>	Weekly	22 <sup>nd</sup> April 2020	Week 28	21 <sup>st</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Excess deaths by cause</a>	Weekly	22 <sup>nd</sup> April 2020	Week 28	21 <sup>st</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Excess deaths by cause and location</a>	Weekly	17 <sup>th</sup> June 2020	Week 28	21 <sup>st</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Age-standardised mortality rates – Scotland</a>	Monthly	13 <sup>th</sup> May 2020	June 2021	14 <sup>th</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Age-standardised mortality rates – sub-Scotland</a>	Monthly	17 <sup>th</sup> June 2020	March 2020 – June 2021	14 <sup>th</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Leading causes of death</a>	Monthly	13 <sup>th</sup> May 2020	June 2021	14 <sup>th</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Pre-existing conditions</a>	Monthly	13 <sup>th</sup> May 2020	June 2021	14 <sup>th</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Deprivation</a>	Monthly	13 <sup>th</sup> May 2020	March 2020 – June 2021	14 <sup>th</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Urban Rural</a>	Monthly	13 <sup>th</sup> May 2020	March 2020 – June 2021	14 <sup>th</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Daily occurrences by location of death</a>	Monthly	13 <sup>th</sup> May 2020	June 2021	14 <sup>th</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Occupation</a>	Monthly	17 <sup>th</sup> June 2020	March 2020 – June 2021	14 <sup>th</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Intermediate Zone</a>	Monthly	17 <sup>th</sup> June 2020	March 2020 – June 2021	14 <sup>th</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Deaths by ICD-10 codes</a>	Monthly	16 <sup>th</sup> June 2021	March 2020 – June 2021	14 <sup>th</sup> July 2021
<a href="#">Ethnic Group</a>	One-off	8 <sup>th</sup> July 2020	March to mid-June	11 <sup>th</sup> November 2020
<a href="#">Disability</a>	One-off	24 <sup>th</sup> March 2021	March to Jan	24 <sup>th</sup> March 2021

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Recording the present – At our network of local offices, we register births, marriages, civil partnerships, deaths, divorces and adoptions in Scotland.

Informing the future – We are responsible for the Census of Population in Scotland which we use, with other sources of information, to produce statistics on the population and households.

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We also provide information about future publications on our website. If you would like us to tell you about future statistical publications, you can register your interest on the Scottish Government ScotStat website.

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### Enquiries and suggestions

Please get in touch if you need any further information, or have any suggestions for improvement.

For media enquiries, please contact [communications@nrscotland.gov.uk](mailto:communications@nrscotland.gov.uk)

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