

Deaths involving coronavirus (COVID-19) in Scotland

Week 51 (20 December 2021 to 26 December 2021)
and Week 52 (27 December 2021 to 02 January 2022)



Published on 07 January 2022

This statistical report includes provisional 2021 statistics and finalised 2020 statistics on the number of deaths associated with coronavirus (COVID-19) and the total number of deaths registered in Scotland

Key Findings

Deaths involving COVID-19, weekly registrations

- As at the 2nd of January 2022, there have been a total of 12,470 deaths registered in Scotland where the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) was mentioned on the death certificate. In week 51 there were 53 deaths involving COVID-19 (down by 16 on week 50) and in week 52 there were 44 deaths involving COVID-19. Note that death registrations for this period are affected by public holidays, and will likely be artificially low.
- Of deaths involving COVID-19 in the latest week (week 52):
 - 21 were male, 23 were female.
 - 14 deaths were aged under 65, 6 were aged 65-74 and there were 24 deaths in people aged 75 or over.
 - City of Edinburgh (6 deaths) and Glasgow City (6 deaths) had the highest numbers of deaths at council level. In total, 21 (out of 32) council areas had at least one death last week.
 - 29 deaths were in hospitals, 7 were in care homes and 8 were at home or in a non-institutional setting.

Deaths from all causes, weekly registrations

- The total number of deaths registered in Scotland in week 51 of 2021 was 1,336 (5% above average) and in week 52 there were 1,076 deaths registered (1% above average)
- In week 52 there were 70 excess deaths at home or in non-institutional settings (28% above average), 34 fewer deaths in hospitals (6% below average) and 17 fewer deaths in care homes (6% below average) compared to the 2015-2019 average.
- Deaths from cancer and dementia/Alzheimer's were similar to average levels in week 52, deaths from circulatory causes (20 fewer deaths) and respiratory causes (41 fewer deaths) were below average for this time of year. There were 40 excess deaths from other causes. The number of deaths where COVID-19 was the underlying cause was 35.

Figure 1: Weekly deaths involving COVID-19 in Scotland, week 12 2020 to week 52 2021

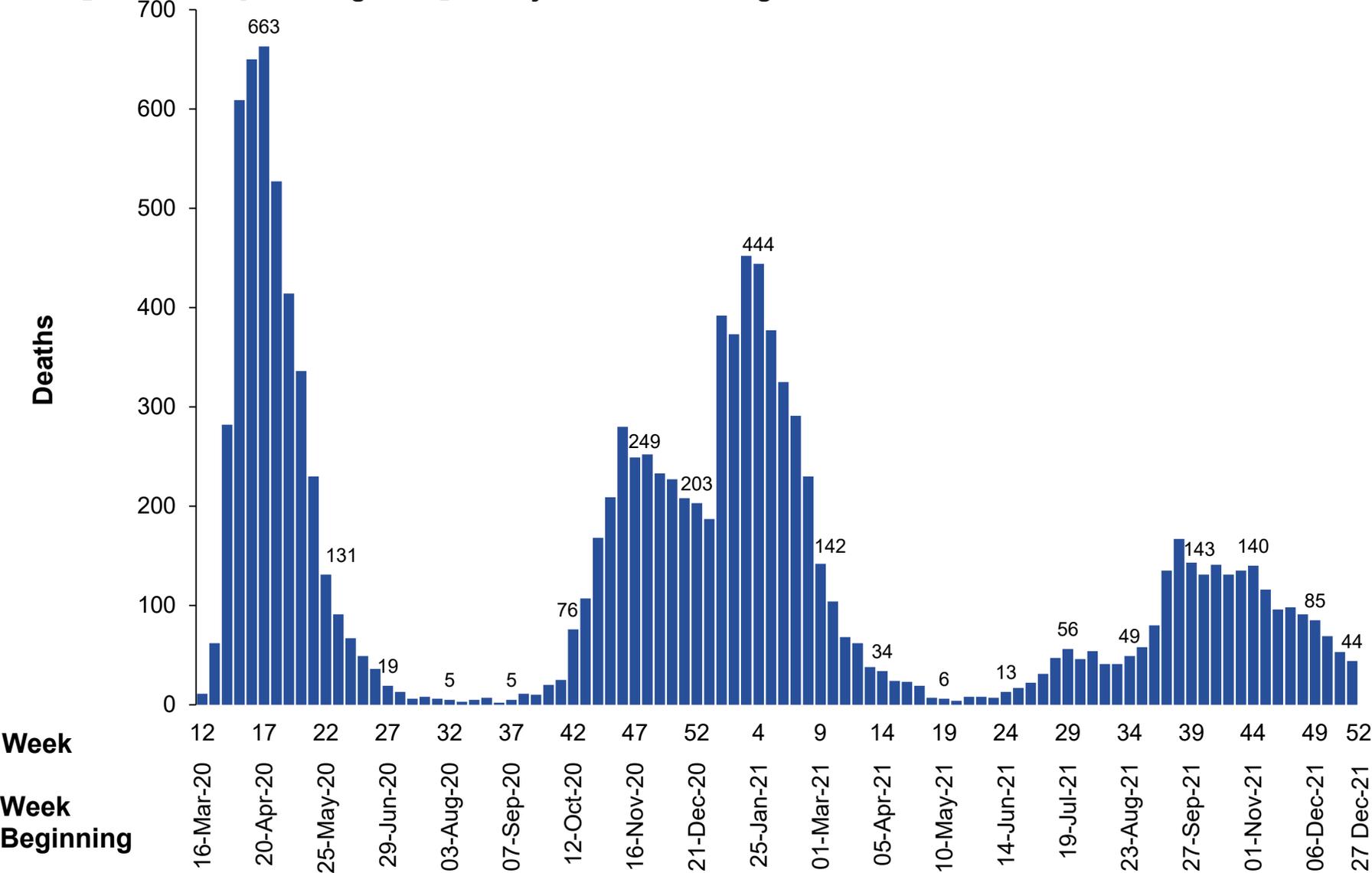
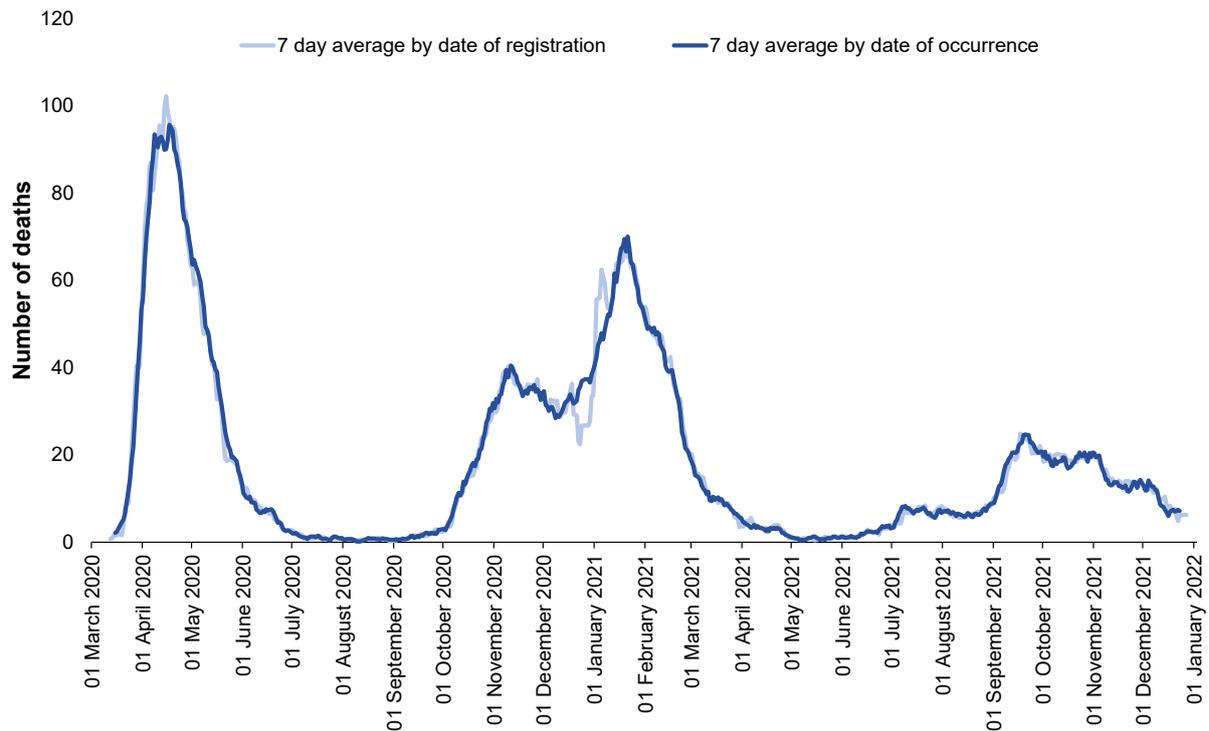


Figure 2: Deaths involving COVID-19, Date of Occurrence vs Date of Registration



The figures throughout this report are based on the date a death was registered rather than the date the death occurred. When someone dies, their family (or a representative) have to make an appointment with a registrar to register the death. Legally this must be done within 8 days, although in practice there is, on average, a 3 day gap between a death occurring and being registered. This gap can be greater at certain times of the year such as Easter and Christmas when registration offices are closed for public holidays.

In general, the trend in COVID-19 deaths by date of registration (the NRS headline measure) has a lag of around 3 days when compared with the figures on date of death.

Daily deaths fell through the most of November and December, reaching around 7 deaths per day by late December. This is the lowest level since August 2021.

This report includes all deaths which were registered by 2nd January. There will, however, be deaths which occurred before this date but were not yet registered. In order to include a more complete analysis based on date of occurrence, we need to wait an additional week to allow the registration process to fully complete. The trend based on date of occurrence therefore only includes deaths which occurred by 26th December as the majority of these are likely to have been registered by now.

How do NRS compile these statistics?

- Weekly figures are based on the date of registration. In Scotland deaths must be registered within 8 days but in practice, the average time between death and registration is around 3 days.
- Figures are allocated to weeks based on the ISO8601 standard. Weeks begin on a Monday and end on a Sunday. Often weeks at the beginning and end of a year will overlap the preceding and following years (e.g. week 1 of 2020 began on Monday 30 December 2019) so the weekly figures may not sum to any annual totals which are subsequently produced.
- Deaths involving COVID-19 are defined as those where COVID-19 is mentioned on the death certificate, either as the underlying cause of death or as a contributory cause. Cause of death is coded according to the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Conditions 10th Revision (ICD-10). The relevant codes included in this publication are U07.1, U07.2, U09.9 and U10.9.
- Figures include deaths where ‘suspected’ or ‘probable’ COVID-19 appears on the death certificate.
- From the week beginning 22 March 2021, new ICD-10 codes issued by the World Health Organisation (WHO) were also used to code deaths involving COVID-19. U09.9 is used for ‘post-COVID’ conditions, when death occurred after acute or ongoing COVID-19. U10.9 is used in the rare cases where ‘Kawasaki-like’ syndrome is caused by COVID-19. Data back to March 2020 has been recoded to ensure consistency of the time series.
- 2021 data are provisional and subject to change in future weekly publications. They will be finalised in summer 2022. Reasons why the data might be revised later include late registration data being received once the week’s figure have been produced or more information being provided by a certifying doctor or The Crown Office and Procurator Fiscal Service (COPFS) on the cause of death.
- Certain user enquiries for ad-hoc analysis related to COVID-19 deaths have been published on our [website](#).
- The weekly publication includes breakdowns by sex, age, health board, local authority and location of death. It also includes an analysis of excess deaths by location and broad cause of death. We also publish a comprehensive and detailed analysis of mortality on a monthly basis.
- NRS mortality data (COVID-19 and excess deaths) continue to be made available on a weekly basis through the [Scottish Government’s COVID-19 dashboard](#)

Index of available analysis on registered deaths involving COVID-19

Breakdown	Frequency	When Added	Latest Period Covered	Date Last updated
Age group	Weekly	8 th April 2020	Week 52	7 th January 2022
Sex	Weekly	8 th April 2020	Week 52	7 th January 2022
Location	Weekly	15 th April 2020	Week 52	7 th January 2022
Health Board	Weekly	8 th April 2020	Week 52	7 th January 2022
Local Authority	Weekly	22 nd April 2020	Week 52	7 th January 2022
Excess deaths by cause	Weekly	22 nd April 2020	Week 52	7 th January 2022
Excess deaths by cause and location	Weekly	17 th June 2020	Week 52	7 th January 2022
Age-standardised mortality rates – Scotland	Monthly	13 th May 2020	November 2021	15 th December 2021
Age-standardised mortality rates – sub-Scotland	Monthly	17 th June 2020	March 2020 – November 2021	15 th December 2021
Leading causes of death	Monthly	13 th May 2020	November 2021	15 th December 2021
Pre-existing conditions	Monthly	13 th May 2020	November 2021	15 th December 2021
Deprivation	Monthly	13 th May 2020	March 2020 – November 2021	15 th December 2021
Urban Rural	Monthly	13 th May 2020	March 2020 – November 2021	15 th December 2021
Daily occurrences by location of death	Monthly	13 th May 2020	November 2021	15 th December 2021
Occupation	Monthly	17 th June 2020	March 2020 – November 2021	15 th December 2021
Intermediate Zone	Monthly	17 th June 2020	March 2020 – November 2021	15 th December 2021
Deaths by ICD-10 codes	Monthly	16 th June 2021	March 2020 – November 2021	15 th December 2021
Ethnic Group	Occasional	8 th July 2020	March 2020 – September 2021	17 th November 2021
Disability	One-off	24 th March 2021	March to Jan	24 th March 2021

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Recording the present – At our network of local offices, we register births, marriages, civil partnerships, deaths, divorces and adoptions in Scotland.

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Enquiries and suggestions

Please get in touch if you need any further information, or have any suggestions for improvement.

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