

Table 13: Estimates of the percentage of households by household type in each Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation (SIMD) decile, Scotland, in 2011

SIMD (2012) deciles	All Households ¹							Total ²	Base ³
	1-person households		2-person households		3+ person households				
	1 adult: male	1 adult: female	2 adults	1 adult, 1 child	1 adult, 2+ children	2+ adults, 1+ children	3+ adults		
1 - 10% Most Deprived	21%	21%	23%	7%	4%	17%	8%	100%	1,401
2	18%	21%	26%	4%	3%	17%	10%	100%	1,295
3	18%	20%	29%	4%	3%	16%	9%	100%	1,453
4	16%	20%	31%	3%	2%	18%	9%	100%	1,662
5	12%	19%	34%	3%	2%	19%	10%	100%	1,479
6	16%	18%	33%	3%	2%	20%	8%	100%	1,572
7	12%	16%	35%	2%	2%	21%	11%	100%	1,374
8	10%	15%	38%	2%	1%	23%	12%	100%	1,564
9	9%	13%	38%	1%	1%	27%	11%	100%	1,367
10 - 10% Least Deprived	8%	16%	39%	1%	1%	26%	9%	100%	1,191
Scotland total	14%	18%	33%	3%	2%	20%	10%	100%	14,358

Footnotes

1) Figures are from the Scottish Household Survey (SHS), which is a sample survey. Therefore, all figures quoted are estimates rather than precise percentages.

2) Rows may not sum to 100% because of rounding (to the nearest whole number), or where multiple responses to a question are possible.

3) The base number shows the total population or population sub-group examined in it from the SHS. While all results have been calculated using weighted data, the bases shown give the unweighted counts. The SHS has a sample size of around 15,000 households per year.

More information about it is available from the [SHS section](#) of the Scottish Government's website.

Source: Scottish Household Survey, 2011, and Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation, 2012.

Please go to Sources, Methods and Definitions for further information.