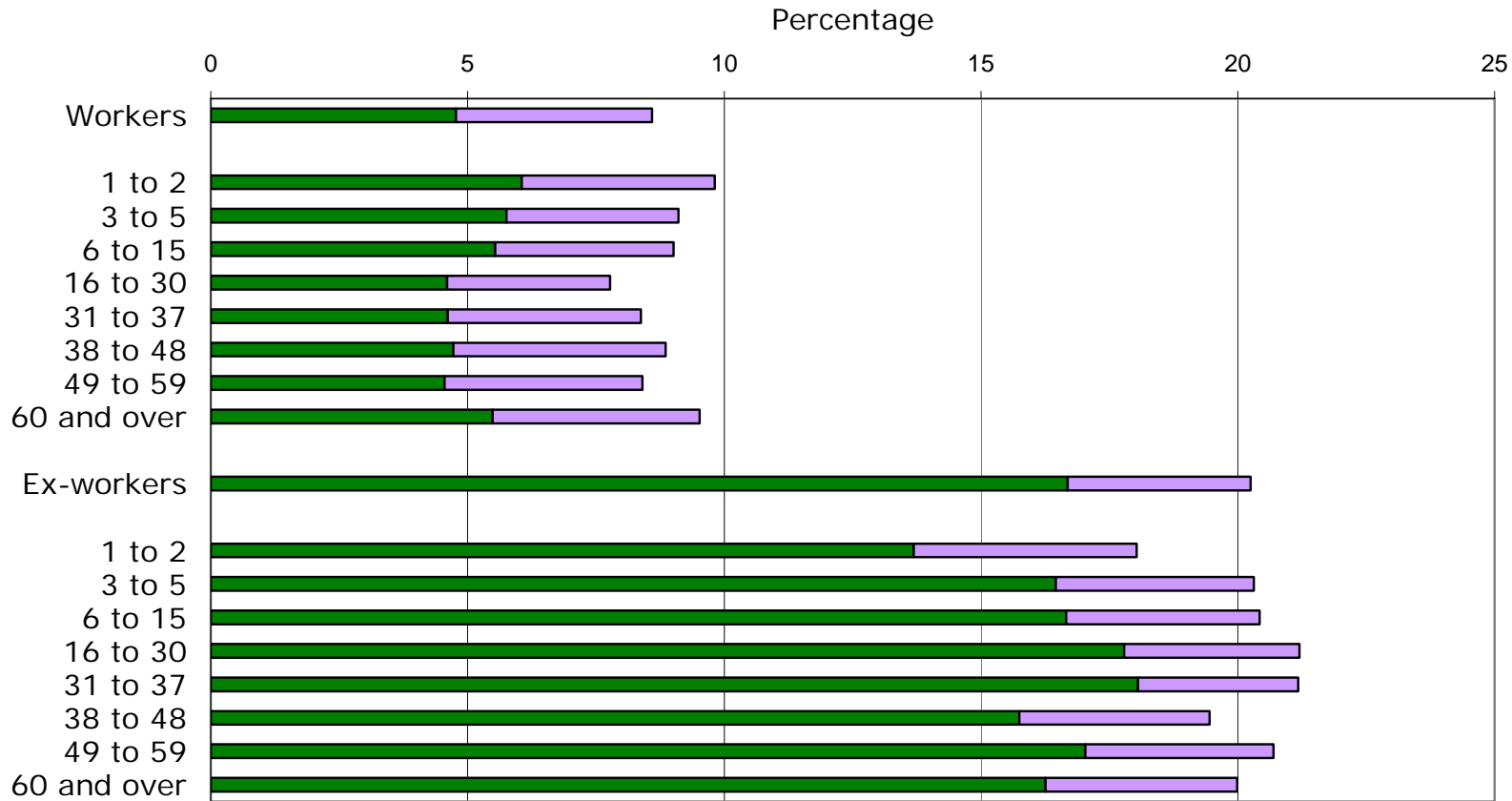


P29 Hours worked
Percentage not as on form
Persons aged 16-74 in employment
and previously in employment

■ Value imputed
 ■ Person imputed by ONC



Hours worked	Numbers			Percentages	
	All persons	Value imputed	Person imputed by ONC	Value imputed	Person imputed by ONC
Workers	2,261,281	108,025	86,309	4.78	3.82
1 to 2	3,188	193	120	6.05	3.76
3 to 5	15,573	897	521	5.76	3.35
6 to 15	144,496	8,004	5,018	5.54	3.47
16 to 30	387,412	17,843	12,288	4.61	3.17
31 to 37	456,866	21,100	17,165	4.62	3.76
38 to 48	934,377	44,123	38,637	4.72	4.14
49 to 59	177,795	8,092	6,856	4.55	3.86
60 and over	141,574	7,773	5,704	5.49	4.03
Ex-workers	1,279,698	213,509	45,571	16.68	3.56
1 to 2	1,958	268	85	13.69	4.34
3 to 5	10,084	1,659	389	16.45	3.86
6 to 15	97,983	16,320	3,693	16.66	3.77
16 to 30	253,926	45,153	8,683	17.78	3.42
31 to 37	206,765	37,330	6,457	18.05	3.12
38 to 48	577,095	90,859	21,385	15.74	3.71
49 to 59	62,008	10,562	2,270	17.03	3.66
60 and over	69,879	11,358	2,609	16.25	3.73

The question on the number of hours usually worked in a week was asked for both those in employment in the week before the Census ('workers') and those not so employed but with previous employment ('ex-workers'). For workers a value for hours worked was imputed in 4.8 percent of cases, with higher rates in the lower and higher ranges: rates greater than 5 percent were seen for workers with 15 or fewer hours or 60 or more hours. Conversely, rates higher than the average for ex-workers (16.8 percent) were seen in the middle ranges - ex-workers with between 16 to 37 hours.

3.8 and 3.6 percent of workers and ex-workers respectively were added by the ONC process. Rates were fairly uniform across ranges of hours worked.